I hilipoines.

I hilippines.

same information.

Richard S. Griswold, the surgeon, was

service in the Connecticut volunteers dur-

ing the Spanish war, he entered the United

States volunteer army and was sent to the

THE DEAD OFFICERS.

News of Capt. Connell's Death Re-

ceived by His Family.

were received to-day at the residence in

this city of David J. Connell, the father of

Capt. Thomas W. Connell, of the Ninth

United States Infantry. One was from the

War Department at Washington, saying

under a Manila date, and contained the

following the first report that he was safe,

came as a heavy blow to his family, and

his mother was completely prostrated by it.

Dr. Griswold's Family.

R. S. Griswold, reported in Manila dis-

patches as killed or missing, was a son of

R. S. Griswold, of this town. The family

is one of the oldest and best-known in this

section of Connecticut. At the outbreak of

the Spanish war Dr. Griswold enlisted in

the First Connecticut Volunteers, and was

appointed first assistant surgeon. After

his regiment was mustered out he obtained

a commission in the regular army and

was sent first to Cuba and later to the

NO GENERAL SIGNIFICANCE.

a Sporadic Massacre.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 .- President J

G. Schurman, of Cornell University, the

president of the first Philippine commission,

recently was called to Washington by

President Roosevelt to discuss the Philip-

pine conditions. Speaking of the massacre

(CONTINUED ON PAGE 2, COL. 6.)

PUT-IN BAY.

-Bare Hope of Recovery-His

Financial Career.

TOLEDO, O., Sept. 30 .- Hon. Jay Cooke,

the Philadelphia banker and war-time

financier, is critically ill at his summer

went to Gibraltar a few days ago for bass

fishing and was apparently in robust health

who had been instructed to call him early

A physician who was summoned says

that there is hope of his recovery, as he

regained consciousness this evening. He

became famous by negotiating war loans

labors more than those of any other man

that the people of this country owe the

ago, came to New England in the May-

cut, but removed to Ohio when he was a

young man. Jay Cooke, with the excep-

tion of a few months, never attended school

after he was thirteen years old. His first

Cooke saved his money, and after the

turned to Sandusky with his spockets full

of money. He met a man named Moor-

where he secured a position in a hotel as

bookkeeper and wrote for a daily paper,

lished in this country. He entered the

he was nineteen. His financial articles

continued and became a power. He be-

twenty-one years of age was admitted into

the firm. His fortune increased rapidly

during the twenty-five years he was a

Just previous to the breaking out of the

Jay Cooke & Co., and Cook soon became

the controller of the Nation's financial

Cooke secured for the government a loan

and he represented the government in all

The wealth of the banking house of Jay

Cooke & Co. was at one time estimated at

raise the price of government bonds one-

year. Cooke was stripped of every dollar

dustrious activity. He opened a little office

and started life all over again, and has

His home, Gibraltar, at Put-in Bay, just

across the narbor on the little island that

protects it from Lake Eric, is the most

portions and architecture, and is eagerly

scanned by visitors at the famous summer

MONUMENT TO PIKE

Down the Spanish Flag.

COURTLAND, Kan., Sept. 30,-Ceremo-

nles attending the unveiling of a monu-

ment, erected by the State, to mark the

spot where Lieut. Zebulon M. Pike hauled

and stripes to be raised for the first time in

Kansas territory, were held here to-day.

The monument is located at the Pawnee

Indian village, close to Courtland, on land

given to the State last winter by Mrs.

Historical Society, headed by Secretary of

State George W. Martin and prominent

was thus that a panic was averted.

member

flower. His father was born in Connecti-

Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

EVEN WORSE THAN AT FIRST RE-PORTED FROM MANILA.

Corrected Dispatch Shows that the Three Officers of the Company Were Killed by the Rebels.

Desperate Fight Made by the Men of the Ninth, Who Probably Killed 150 of the Bolomen.

INSURGENTS WERE 400 STRONG

COMPLETE SURPRISE OF THE SMALL AMERICAN FORCE.

Young Soldier of Fort Wayne Among the Members of the III-Fated Company of the Ninth.

the troops.

ALL HAD GOOD RECORDS IN THE Philippines. MILITARY SERVICE.

manded by Gen. Hughes-Latest Details of the Disaster.

General Hughes is going to the scene of the disaster and will personally command

surgents are scattered in bards over the continued life of the Nation. province, where they dig up rifles when there is an opportunity to use them.

such heavy loss in the Philippines on Satno word as to whether he was one of furnishing the first money article pubthose who escaped death, and they are deeply distressed.

KILLED OR MISSING.

Officers of the Ill-Fated Company So Held in Washington.

the enlisted men the three commissioned officers of Company C, Ninth Infantry, are supposed now to have been killed in the pocketbook. When the war broke out action in Samar, Philippine islands, last Saturday. The officers are:

DR. R. S. GRISWOLD, surgeon. A question having arisen as to the ac-Chaffee, the cable company was directed to repeat it. The repetition disclosed some inaccuracles that materially change the message. The corrected dispatch reads: "MANILA, Sept. 29,-Hughes reports fol-

Regiment United States Infantry, eleven wounded, have just arrived from Balangia; he had made during his thirty years of in- to do any harm now. The third man said remainsier of the company killed. Insurgents secured all company supplies and all rifles except three. Company was at- leaves a competence besides. tacked during breakfast on the morning of Sept. 28. The company was seventytwo strong; officers, Thomas F. Connell, captain; Edward A. Bumpus, first lleutenant; Dr. R. S. Griswold, major surgeon,

" 'CHAFFEE. " pany C. Ninth Infantry, suffered the disaster. No company was mentioned in the dispatch made public yesterday. The serious discrepancy between the original and the corrected dispatches, however, is that Unveiled in Kansas, Where He Hauled and relieved Lieutenant Avery, who went convention held a private session to-day the latter indicates that the commissioned officers of the company are missing, per-

haps killed; while the former indicated that they escaped. The father of Captain Connell, resides in New York city. He telegraphed to the War Department to-day that he is in cecelpt of a cablegram from the quartermaster of the Ninth Regiment, saying that his son had been killed in action. He asks for information of the dispatch from the

the officials of the War Department do not the officials of the War Department do not to the formation to the formation to the first to nowever, they feel assured that the ofcers of the ill-fated company certainly

York and was a graduate of the Military STRUGGLE AT PRESIDENT'S TOMB BELIEVED TO BE MYTHICAL.

Went to China in 1901, and thence to the wrought by the Loneliness of His Position at the Vault.

born in Connecticut, and after six months SO THE OFFICERS EXPLAIN IT

ACCEPTATION.

that Captain Connell had been killed in ac-

LYME, Conn., Sept. 30 .- Major Surgeon | Sergeant Cook Explains the Conversation He Heard Sunday Afternoon -All Is Quiet Again.

which Private Deprend, who was on duty at the top of the vault on Sunday night,

President Schurman Says It Is Merely figured so prominently.

> All of the commissioned officers and the members of the company in general accepted fully the story related by Private Deprend last night, and really believed that nel for ghoulish purposes. He said:

by the pure cussedness of some people, who thought to bring repreach upon the Nation by doing damage to the resting place of the dead President."

All the men who were seen expressed the belief that Private Deprend acted in good the captain and others he went over the times, and, it is said, never varied in a home on Gribaltar, Put-in Bay. Mr. Cooke matter of importance. Particular inquiry and it is said that it is established beyond despite his eighty years. His servants all reasonable doubt that he had not been drinking, and that he was in his normal this morning, found him in an unconscious

nel was overwrought by the loneliness of the trouble is congestion of the brain, but his position, that his nerves were overtaxed, and that imagination contributed some of the details related in good faith. The post is regarded by all as particularly to-day. isolated and depressing to the man guard-No more interesting figure than that of | ing it at night, and it is understood that more sentinels will be stationed at the

what he called the fair manner in which surrender: "Tell him that it is to his the incident had been described in the morning reports, saying that they gave a full and complete statement of facts so Jay Cooke's ancestors, nine generations far as revealed last night. He was fully convinced last night of the truth of the story as related, but after investigation entertained doubts not of the sincerity of Private Deprend, but of the correctness of the conclusions. Captain Biddle authorized

actual attack, as related by him, occurred. | Oct. 1,

General Otis, at Chicago, commanding the department to which the guard is atbanking house of E. W. Clark & Co. when | tached. Whether there will be a formal inquiry into the matter remains for Gencame the firm's confidential clerk and when eral Otis to determine. Officers at the cemetery expressed the hope that inasmuch as no actual harm had been done that no formal action would be taken. Sergeant Cook, who was reported to have

the vault Sunday afternoon. There were three funerals at the cemetery and many people passing all the time. Three menrepresentative-looking men, such as come by the scores every day-spoke to me. One asked how long the sentinels in front of single day he had secured as high as \$50 .- | told him half an hour at a time. He said | he had read that they were kept there two I told him that at first they were kept there sassinated Cooke ordered all his agents to two hours, but that the time had been shortened. He asked if there were other guards. I told him there were several on In 1873 the great banking house of Jay the hill over the yault and at other places, The second man said he did not see the use of all this fuss; that no one would try he was mistaken; that there were lots of thing blown up. No: I had not then, nor have I now, any suspicion that any of these men would have any interest in or would pretentious residence in the group. It is a sympathize with any act of violence. I handsome stone dwelling of castle-like pro- think they were speaking of the disposition

> The usual guard and patrol was on duty vate Deprend, the force was increased by the addition of ten men. Lieutenant Ware arrived from Fort Wayne, Mich., to-day back to the fort.

Senator Hanna's Opinion.

down the Spanish flag and caused the stars McKinley at Canton:

"The body is safe. Soldiers will guard it until the monument we are to build is finished. When I return to Cleveland the various committees will be appointed, and War Department, but the officials here were Elizabeth Johnson. The ceremonies to-day President Roosevelt will name the permawere attended by members of the State | nent trustees, who will collect the contributions for the building of an appropriate strongly recommending his election to the monument and tomb. When it is finished presidency.

and the remains of William McKinley are neased in the tomb there will be no fear of any one breaking into it."

SEYMOUR'S FRIENDS CONFIDENT

Say He Will Be New Jersey's Democratic Gubernatorial Nominee.

TRENTON, N. J., Sept. 30 .- Not in years has the light before a state convention been characterized by so much activity as was shown by the hundreds of delegates who are here to take part in to-morrow's Democratic state convention to nominate a candidate for Governor. Mayor Seymour, of Newark, who is making a fight for the nomination, is not yet here. Former United States Senator Smith, who is opposing Seymour's nomination, has headquarters in the Trenton House, where he was called on to-night by many of the delegates. Ex-Congressman Thomas Ferrell, who is Seymour's strongest opponent and who is supposed to have Senator Smith's indorsement, has established head-Colonel Price, one of Seymour's sup-

porters, expressed confidence to-night that Seymour would be nominated, and said there were already about 450 votes pleaged to him, and the necessary remainder would delegates, and 550 will be necessary to a

DIE-MAKER ARRESTED.

Accused of Complicity with Paris Gang of Counterfeiters.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-Francisco Bieraghi, an Italian, forty-two years of age, who arrived here last Saturday from STATISTICS OF FLORICULTURE IN Havana on the steamer Esperanza, under the name of "B. Frank," was arrested today by United States Secret Service agents. Bieraghi, it is alleged, is the man who made the dies for the Paris gang of counterfeiters, which was run down by the Secret Service Bureau in January last. Six of the gang were convicted and are now serving terms of imprisonment. Bieraghi, who is an expert engraver and die-sinker, left the city just before the raid was made, CANTON, O., Sept. 30.—The officers and Bieraghi pleaded not guilty when arraigned before the United States comgoing to Havana, Cuba. missioner to-day on the charge of making the dies, and in default of \$5,000 ball was committed to jail to await examination.

BATED AT CANTON.

Judge Day and Mr. Cortelyou Admin-

istrators-Estate Valued at \$210,-

000-Chicago Bar Memorial.

CANTON, O., Sept. 30.-The will of President McKinley was admitted to probate at the conclusion of the formal hearing to-day by Probate Judge Maurice E Aungst. The papers waiving notice of probating by Mrs. Sarah Duncan and Miss the deceased, were filed and completed, the preliminaries necessary for admitting

the will to probate. In pursuance of the wishes of Mrs. Mc-Kinley, and upon her signed recommendation, the court appointed Judge William R. Day and Secretary George B. Cortelyou believed to be the real circumstances. With administrators of the estate, with the will annexed, and issaed letters of administration. A joint administrator's bond of \$100,-000 was filed. This bond is signed by Wil- | the work of improving the Pei and Whangliam R. Day, George B. Cortelyou, Austin Lynch, Mary E. Day and Mary B. Barber. In their applications for letters testamentary Judge Day and Secretary Cortelyou say the amount of personal property left by the late President will be about \$140,000, and of real estate about \$70,000, aggregating about \$210,000. At the request of the administrators the court appointed Judge Jacob P. Pawcett, George B. Frease and H. W. Hossler as

McKinley Memorial Held.

. Mrs. McKinley remains in about the

appraisers to appraise the property.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.-Memorial exercises in honor of President McKinley were held in the United States District Court here to-day. Prominent members of the bar, many of whom knew the late President personally, were present. Judge Kohlsaat referred briefly to anarchy and said the country was to be congratulated that the followers of the doctrine were so few in the United States.

McKinley Salary Warrants Drawn.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-Warrants were drawn at the Treasury Department in settlement of the salary due the late President McKinley at the time of his death. The amount was \$1,856.88. Warrants also were or seventeen days, and aggregate

NOT HEAVY ENOUGH.

Punishment of an Offending Soldier as Viewed by Brooke.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 .- A most un-Department. It is that of Private Peter J. Devine, Troop H. Eleventh Cavalry, who was tried by a general court-martial at Fort Ethan Allen, Vermont, on the charge of "using disrespectful words against the free delivery and rural free delivery, is "I was on duty at the guard tent near | President of the United States in violation of the nineteenth article of war."

It appears from the evidence that when the news of the shooting of President Mc-Kinley was received at Fort Ethan Allen. Devine expressed great satisfaction over the crime and applied an uncomplimentary epithet to the late President. His comthe vault gates were kept on duty, and I rades roughly handled him before he could be secured in the guard house. He was found guilty of the charge by the court and sentenced to be dishonorably dishours and thought that was hard service. | charged from the service of the United him and to be confined at hard labor for

> one year. The record of the case, having been re-York, commanding the Department of the East, he indorsed it as follows: "It is the opinion of the reviewing authority that the punishment adjudged by the court is not a sufficient penalty for the agitious act the prisoner was found to have committed. It is not within the power of punishment, but in order that the prisoner may not wholly escape punishment the sentence is approved and will be duly executed at Fort Columbus. New York, to which place the prisoner will be sent under proper guard."

PROGRESS IN CUBA.

to-day. Last night, after the story of Pri- | Election Bill to Be Modified on Suggestion by General Wood.

HAVANA, Sept. 30 .- The constitutional and considered a letter from Governor General Wood advising the appointment of a commission of five members to have BOSTON, Sept. 30 .- Senator Hanna, who charge of the forthcoming elections, and is in this city, said to-day in relation to the also advising that two elections be held affair at the tomb of the late President | instead of four. The attendance did not amount to a quorum, but General Wood's suggestions were approved by all present. Another session will be held to-morrow for the purpose of appointing the committee and making the necessary change in the election law.

A manifesto has been issued by prominent revolutionists approving the recent letter of T. Estrada Palma as a programme for the future republic to follow, and

PHILIPPINE LEGISLATION NOT CON-SIDERED EXPEDIENT NOW.

Subject Which Can Well Lay Over Another Congress.

SUMMARY OF POSTMASTER GENER-AL SMITH'S FIGURES.

Rural Free Delivery and City Delivery Service.

NAVAL SERVICE APPOINTMENTS

Changes in Indiana Departmental Personnel-Advices from Russia and the Far East.

through the Philippine territorial government, was too early to discuss. Such discriminations, he said, would come in their proper time and order.

Mr. and Mrs. D. N. Stem and Mrs. J. Kramer, of Laporte, are at the Raleigh. x x x

The following Indiana clerks in the Pension Office have had their salaries in-

under date of Aug. 12, a copy of a note addressed by Mr. De Cologan, the dean of the diplomatic corps at Peking, to the Chinese plenipotentiaries, asking the fluancial co-operation of their government to Poo rivers, and their acceptance of regulations concerning the Whang-Poo river conin consenting to the raising to 5 per cent. compensation, to participate financially in the improvement of the courses of the Pci and Whang-Poo rivers. The expenses entailed by the work on the Whang-Poo and the general management of the undertaking are estimated at 460,000 taels (\$345,-000) during the first twenty years, this sum

The State Department has received from Mr. Pierce, secretary of the embassy at St. Petersburg, under date of Sept 4, a copy of a report published by the Russian minister of finance, giving the condition of Russian crops up to July 28. In general, the crops are stated to be below the average, and Mr. Pierce says the drought, which prevailed up to Aug. 20, with the unusual heat, has had a further unfavorable effect. He is informed that the demand in Odessa for American reapers and harvesters has been unusually great this

beginning July 1, 1902, which Postmaster for an aggegrate or \$6,250,000 for rural free delivery service throughout the country. It usual case has been reported to the War is an increase of \$2,750,000 over the expense of that rapidly growing service for the current year. The total for the free delivery service proper, which is that operated in cities, is \$18,745,000, an increase of 9 per cent. The grand aggregate for the entire postal free delivery service, inclusive of both the \$24,995,000.

GENERAL WASHINGTON NEWS.

Appointments in the Naval Service-New Colombian Tariff.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 .- The President to-day made the following appointments: Navy-Theodore S. Thompson, pay director, rank of captain; Hiram M. Drury, pay inspector, rank of commander; Joseph staes, forfeiting all pay and allowance due | Fiff, paymaster, rank of lieutenant; George R. Venable, Charles Morris, jr., and John W. Morse, passed assistant paymasters. ferred to Major General Brooke, at New rank of lieutenant, junior grade; George E. Burd, lieutenant commander; Percy N. Olmstead, lieutenant; Frank E. Ridgely, lieutenant junior grade; Arthur O. Gates and George M. Heinan, machinists; Vista N. Thompson, gunner; William N. Johnston, boatswain; Herbert G. Elkins, carmade enough to pay all his creditors and people who would like to see the whole the reviewing authority to increase the penter; William F. Spicer, licutenant colonel marine corps.

gram upon extract of cognac, essences and spirits for making liquors.

John W. Elliott has been appointed postmaster at Red Cloud, Ind.

XXXX Secretary Long returned to the city to-

to be brigadier general about a week ago to fill the vacany caused by the death of General Ludlow, will retire to-morrow on account of age. It is said at the War Department that no successor will be named until Secretary Reat returns to Washington. It is said Col, William M. Bisbee, of dier, being preveted twice for gallantry, ginia.

He reached the grade of colonel in June, 1889, and is now with his regiment in the

The State Department has received from United States Minister Allen at Seoul, under date of August 28, a communication stating that the Korean government has issued an order amending its decree of July 24, prohibiting the export from Korea of rice and other grain, so as to confine the prohibition only to rice.

CZOLGOCZ'S QUIET SUNDAY.

His Appetite is Good and He has Recovered His Equanimity.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 30.-Czolgocz's first Sunday in the condemned cell was unmarked by special incident. He is taciturn and his only conversation with guards is BATTLE MOVEMENTS DETAILED concerning meals. His appetite is unimpaired and he seems to have entirely recovered from his recent collapse. He has had no callers and but one letter, although Warden Meade is constantly receiving applications to visit the prisoner and to witness the electrocution His measurements by the Bertillon system were taken yesterday. The warden de-

Warned to Leave Owensboro.

adviser.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Sept. 30,-Alfred Floirntz, traveling salesman for a pictureenlarging concern, was run out of town to-night for denouncing the pending execution of Czolgocz. He was taken to the depot in a bus by a small crowd, put on board a train for the West and warned never to return. He claimed to be a Norwegian, but is thought to be a Pole. He had expressed anarchistic views and admitted being compelled to leave the East,

clines to make measurements public. Czol-

gocz has not yet asked to see a spiritual

DEATH BY BURNING.

Accident to Sister of Captain Lemly, of the Schley Court.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 30.-Miss Laura Lemley, forty-five years of age, a sister of Judge Advocate Lemly, of the navy, was burned to death at her home in OTHER EVIDENCE OF THE DAY WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 .- Philippine leg- | Salem, N. C., to-day. Her clothing caught

Offered to Adjourn Court. WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-News was received here to-night of the death by burning of a sister of Captain Lemly, judge ad- | Ships Could Have Taken Fuel at Seavocate of the Schley court of inquiry, which occurred in North Carolina to-day. Immediately on receipt of the news Admiral Schley and his counsel sent word portions. The Mohammedans, semi-civilized to Captain Lemly, offering to move the peoples and savages, he thought, would be court to adourn to-morrow, but the captain had retired and could not be seen.

FALL RIVER MANUFACTURERS MAY REFUSE UNION DEMAND.

Schedule Established by Tennessee Arbitrators-No New Recruits for Chicago Strikers.

FALL RIVER, Sept. 30 .- The executive facturers to-day considered the request of the textile council for a general advance of 5 per cent, in wages. No agreement was reached, but a reply is likely to go to the Textile Council to-morrow that it may be read at the evening meeting.

It is understood the committee opposes the increase and is trying to secure individual opinions from manufacturers. The committee believes the operatives would not strike even if the request is refused.

MINE WAGE AGREEMENT. Arbitrators Establish a Schedule for

Tennessee Operatives. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Sept. 30 .- Judge C. D. Clark, of Chattanooga, who was selected as a referee in the coal miners' wage scale controversy, has made his report. which has been accepted by W. R. Fairly and Hywel Davies, the other arbitrators, The decision provides that nine hours shall constitute a work day, without change in wages now paid; that mining shall be advanced 3-5 cent on run of mines, and cent on screen coal; that no change shall | 25th or the 26th, the time consumed in be made in pay for yardage work; that one | proceeding from Cicafuegos to Santiago. pay day per month shall remain.

The miners asked for a nine-hour day, instead of ten hours; general advance in wage scale, varying as to work, and two pay days per month.

Trouble in Labor Circles.

ing street-car motormen and conductors are organized under a charter from the Knights of Labor, but to-day fourteen of them applied for a charter from the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Workers, which is affiliated with the American ing from the Merrimac on the 24th. He General Smith will submit to Congress call | Federation of Labor. The new organization has signed a contract with the Electric Terminal Railway to run the cars just as | at 7:30 in the morning of that day. He was soon as it gets its charter, which may possibly be to-morrow. This action has caused bitter feeling, and the Knights of Labor say they will fight the new organization.

"Alley L" Trains Are Running.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30 .- Trains on the South Side Elevated road ran on schedule time early to-day. Pickets representing the strikers appeared at many of the stations and on some of the trains, but it is said they were unsuccessful in securing recruits. The strikers to-day issued a statement to the public officially denying responsibility for the attempt to derail a train at Thirty-Afth street, last night.

Telephone Linemen to Strike. CHICAGO, Sept. 30 .- Three hundred linemen, repair men and foremen employed by the Chicago Telephone Company will go on strike to-morrow morning because the

company has refused to grant an increase in their wages of 25 cents a day. While the strike will not immediately impair the telephone service, the strikers say that within a few days their absence will be seriously felt.

HEADS IN THE BASKET.

Twenty-Five Members of Pittsburg Safety Department Removed.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 30 .- Andrew Fulton,

director of the Department of Public Safety, of this city, to-day announced the removal of twenty-three officers and employes of that department. The persons removed were nearly all prominent in political affairs and some of them have been in the employ of the city for thirty years, Among the officers removed were A. H. Leslie, superintendent of police; Morris Mead, president of the bureau of electricity, the Isle of Pines, there was any place, so and Crosby Gray, superintendent of the bureau of health.

Roger O'Meara, superintendent of detectives, and one of the best-known detectives in the country, retires on a pension. The removals, while not entirely unexpected, caused great excitement in political circles.

President of Washington and Lee.

LEXINGTON, Va., Sept. 30 .- The trusteesof Washington and Lee University to-night elected Dr. George H. Denny, now acting president and professor of Latin, president

HE GIVES A GRAPHIC DESCRIPTION OF SANTIAGO FIGHT.

Shows that the Brooklyn's Famous Loop Not Only Stopped the Texas,

but Endangered the lown.

EVOLUTIONS OF SHIP'S AND CHANGES IN RELATIVE POSITION.

suit of the Fleeing Spaniards by the Battleships,

CAPTAIN JEWELL'S STATEMENT

SCHLEY'S CONTENTIONS.

He Says He Never Told the Commodore that the Spanish Fleet Was Not Santingo.

COMMANDER OF THE MERRIMAC

Much Interest Shown in the Day's Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-Rear Admiral Evans, wso, as captain, commanded the battleship Iowa during the Santiago campalgn, was a witness before the Schley and also gave particulars concerning the bombardment of the Colon on the 31st of

May. Other witnesses of the day were Captain Theodore F. Jewell, who was commander of the croiser Minneapolis during the Spanish war, and Commander James committee of the Fall River cotton manu- M. Miller, who was in command of the collier Merrimac until that Vessel was turned over to Lieutenant Hobson to be sank in the mouth of the harbor at San-

> for the day. found of the coaling of any vessel on the

> SEA AND WEATHER. Much of Commander Miller's testimony related to the state of the sea and the weather, the burden being that except on one or two days ships could have been coaled from the supply ship. Considerable time was allotted to the condition of the

> On cross-examination Mr. Raynor questioned Commander Miller concerning coalsaid the Massachusetts had been coaled then examined concerning signals as to coaling the Texas. While these questions "I signaled over, 'I object to having two

> Mr. Raynor-You were not "G," you were X"; "G" was the Massachusetts. "I was 'G,' I think. What I objected to was having two battleships beside me. They have a peculiar motion, and when two battleships are rolling they would have a tendency to crush a collier between

"How was the sea at that time?" "I did not feel the sea very much because my ship was peculiarly a steady

"How was it as far as the other ships are concerned? "Battleships nearly always have motion: that is my experience. As far as I am personally concerned, I could have coaled,

"Well, how about the other vessels?" "That is not for me to judge, Mr. Paynor questioned Captain Miller closely concerning the state of the weather and of the sea on May 26, quoting from Admiral Cervera's statement on that subject, but the witness would only say that his log was stient as to the condition of the sea at that time. In this connection Captain Miller referred to his removal from the command of the Merrimac, in order to turn the vessel over to Lieutenant Hobson. He said on that point: "When I was taken out summarily from the Merrimac nearly everything I had was lost, and the only thing I can remember

now with the few notes I have here, is in this log. The court asked: "Was there any point near Clenfuegos where vessels could have found protection from the sea on May 24?" The witness replied: "I do not think that, unless we had gone up, probably to far as I can remember now, where we could have found smoother weather than

HE COULD HAVE COALED. The court also asked: "Could you have coaled any of the vessels on May 25 had you been ordered to do so?"

so, to the best of my knowledge and bethe Thirteenth Infantry, was to have been of the university to fill the vacancy caused at any time, but then I could not have given the post 'sed President McKinley by the death of Hon. William L. Wilson confertably. For the other ships it lived. He is a narive of Rhode Island and last October. Dr. Denny is not yet thirty-one years of age, and is a native of Vir- was what we call a nasty sea, and raing

DAILY ESTABLISHED 1850.

perished, and they have given out for publication brief obltuary notices. From these It appears that Thomas W. Connell, the captain of Company C, was born in New Academy, which he entered in 1889. His service record shows that he was in Cuba during the Spanish war, until August, 1898. then in New York, and again in 1899 in Cuba as an aid to General Douglas. He

Philippines. First Lieutenant Edward A. Bumpus was born in Massachusetts, and given a commission when a private in Battery A, First Massachusetts Heavy Artillery in 1898. After six months service in Plattsburg barracks, he was sent to China and then to the

ALL RIFLES BUT THREE TAKEN

ELEVEN OF THE TWENTY-FOUR SURVIVORS ARE WOUNDED.

OFFICERS

Punitive Expedition Will Be Com-

MANILA, Sept. 30.-General Hughes, from the island of Samar, reports the arrival of Sergeant Markey and one private at Tannan, from the fight at Balangiga, where over forty men of Company C, Ninth Infantry, were killed by insurgents, who attacked the troops while at breakfast Saturday last. The men who have reached Tannan say that the officers of the com- FAMOUS FINANCIER VERY SICK AT pany, who were at first reported to have escaped, were killed with the majority of the company. The troops were attacked while unprepared by 400 bolomen, of whom the Americans killed about 150. Many of Congestion of the Brain Is the Ailment the soldiers were killed in their quarters before they had time to grasp their rifles.

A new branch of the Katipunan has been discovered at Tarlac, capital of the province of that name. The object of the society is the slaughter of whites. Marcelino Marivala, president of Bancang, is the chief of the new branch, which includes members of the native constabulary, who were recently armed. One policeman admits that he was taxed a dollar and was ordered to make bolos. A regular collection has been made by the organization from the natives, either by persuasion or threats, and an uprising had been planned

for an early date. The conditions in Tayabas and Batangas are not reassuring. The worst form of guerrilla warfare prevailed there. The insurgent forces are distributed under cover along every road and trail and wait for Jay Cooke has ever posed upon the finantravelers in ambush. The insurgent leader, | cial platform of this country. Jay Cooke | point in the future. Caballos, who formerly belonged to Gen. it was of whom General Grant spoke in the Callles' command, but who refused to sur- following message on the eve of Lee's reader with Cailles, is retreating to the mountains. The main forces of the in-

Fort Wayne Soldier Among Them.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FORT WAYNE, Ind., Sept. 30 .- Harry business experience was as clerk in a store Woods, son of Frank C. Woods, of this in Sandusky. He met a St. Louis merchant | this statement; and later secured employment from him. city, is a member of the ill-fated Company C. Ninth Regiment, which suffered panic of 1837, that ruined his employer, re-He is, if living, twenty-two years head, when he was eighteen years of old, and was graduated from the High age, and Mr. Moorhead took him East School here. His parents have received

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-In addition to war Cooke and his old partner, Moorhead, went into business under the firm name of

of \$50,000,000 from a syndicate of bankers. After the fifty millions were gone millions THOMAS W. CONNELL, captain. of bonds were turned over to Cooke with EDWARD A. BUMPUS, first lieutenant. | no security other than his honor and credit, its financial dealings. He issued an appeal to the financiers of the country, and in a curacy of the cablegram received at the short time he procured \$2,500,000,000. In a War Department yesterday from General \$50,000,000. When President Lincoln was as-

half per cent., and keep raising them, and lowing from Basia, southern Samar; "Twenty-four men, Company C, Ninth | Cooke & Co. closed its doors, and the failure was followed by the awful panic of that

As corrected, the dispatch shows that Com- catch a glimpse of the famous financier, if

unable to confirm the information. Owing to the distance from Manila of the come of the massacre of Compa'C Comen from all parts of Kansas.

Sentinel's Nerves Probably Over-

AND THE VIEW IS FINDING GENERAL

NEW YORK, Sept. 30,-Two dispatches | Guard Deprend Insists on the Correctness of His Story and Finds One Official Adherent.

tion. The other was from Quartermaster LARGER NUMBER OF SENTRIES Ramsay, of Captain Connell's regiment,

The news of Captain Connell's death, POSTED TO PREVENT A RECUR-RENCE OF THE INCIDENT.

> men of Company C, of the Fourteenth United States Infantry, on duty at Westlawn Cemetery guarding the resting place of President McKinley, worked diligently to-day investigating the strange story in

The same reticence imposed by military | PRESIDENT M'KINLEY'S WILL PROregulations which prevented the officers and men making detailed statements concerning the incidents last night was operative to-day. The representative of the Associated Press saw all of the commissioned officers, several noncommissioned officers and a number of privates and gleaned the

the prowlers were about the vault with no good purpose. To-day only one of the commissioned officers adhered to the belief that an attempt had been made upon the senti-"It was the real thing. It was prompted | Helen McKinley, of Cleveland, sisters of

faith, and that he related only what he details of the whole affair at least a dozen was made as to his sobriety at the time, The most common belief is that the senti-

Captain Biddle thanked the reporters for

"I think the sentinel deceived himself

When daylight came there was no evidence found of a struggle,' The matter has been reported in full to

heard remarks on Sunday afternoon among visitors, further explained as follows:

of other classes who might be prompted resort, who are very curious, usually, to to such acts."

President Roosevelt Thinks It Is a

ESTIMATES FOR POSTOFFICES

be surely cast for him. There are 1,099 Most Striking Increases Are Those for

THE UNITED STATES.

islation is not expected at the coming ses- | fire from a kitchen stove and she was so sion of Congress. To a senatorial visitor | badly burned that death resulted in four to-day, President Roosevelt said he did not | hours. think it would be necessary to change the existing provisional government for a year or so. He said he now was disposed to think that in a year or so it would be necessary to provide the Philippines with some sort of a territorial government, something like that of Hawaii. This would apply to the civilized and Christianized ruled through the military department. Whether this would be accomplished directly through the war establishment or

X X X

creased: Mrs. Georgia Lockhart, \$1,200 to \$1,400, and George B. Fleming, \$900 to \$1,000. The State Department has received from Special Commissioner Rockhill, at Peking. servancy board. The note sets out the fact that the representatives of the powers, effective of the present tariff on maritime imports, have decided to ask China, as a

same condition. She had her usual outings to be supplied in equal portions by the Chinese government and foreign interests.

The Census Bureau to-day announced its statistics of commercial floriculture in sixteen States, showing an aggregate value on the occurrence. I do not think an drawn covering Mr. Roosevelt's salary to of \$11,000,000 of flowers and foliage plants raised in 1899, with 3.895 establishments and \$35,000,000 as the value of the lands and buildings. Indiana is not mentioned in the The official estimates for the fiscal year,

United States Minister Hart, at Bogota, has transmitted to the State Department, under date of Aug. 11, a translation of an executive decree of the Colombian government ordering that a duty of \$2 (87 cents American) per kilogram (2,246 pounds) shall be imposed upon alcohol and spirits, and also a duty of \$10 (\$4.36 American) per kilo-

night from New England. X X X Brig. Gen. J. M. Beil, who was promoted

Range and Accuracy of Fire and Pur-

IT KNOCKS OUT ONE OF ADMIRAL

TESTIFIES ABOUT COALING.

naval court of inquiry to-day. His testimony covered the entire period from the time the Iowa left the port of Key West on the 20th May, 1898, until the 5th of July, when Admiral Evans testified that he had a conversation with Admiral Schley concerning the battle of the 3d. He described in detail the principal battle of Santiago,

tiago. Admiral Evans had not concluded his testimony when the court acjourned The first new witness was Commander James M. Miller, who commanded the collier Merrimac while that vessel was a part of Admiral Schley's flying squadron, Commander Miller said he had assumed command of the Merrimac on April II, at Norfolk. He had taken on board at Lambert's Point, soon afterward, about 5,000 tons of coal. His vessel had, he said, been capable at first of making between nine and ten knots, but afterward he had trouble with his pressure machinery, so that by May 23 and 24 he would have hesitated in trying to secure a speed of more than seven or eight knots. He read from the collier's log to show that the lowa, the Massachusetts and the Castine had been coaled on the 23d and 24th. No record was

Merrimac's machinery and her speed ca-

were being put Captain Miller said, laughingly, "Go ahead. You've got me there," He then proceeded: battleships alongside of me,' and Captain Philip, of the Texas, signaled, I think to Captain Higginson, but I do not know whether it was to the admiral or Captain Higginson: 'K and M will crush G.'

them. It was not so much on account of the weather as it was the presence of one battleship on each side.

we found off Cientuegos, unless going very far to the eastward.

To this the reply was: "I should judge her, I my I could coal; yes, I could coal weather, and if I had had my choice I